

Rosenheim, 01.06.2019

Information über gesellschaftsrechtliche Änderung Information about change in corporate legal status

Zum 1. Juni 2019 wurde das Geschäftsfeld "Broadcast" der KATHREIN SE (vormals KATHREIN-Werke KG) auf die KATHREIN Broadcast GmbH übertragen.

Die neuen Firmendaten lauten ab 01.06.2019 wie folgt:

KATHREIN Broadcast GmbH Ing.-Anton-Kathrein-Str. 1 - 7 83101 Rohrdorf, Deutschland

Steuer Nr.: 156/117/31113 UST-Ident-Nr.: DE 323 189 785

Handelsregister Traunstein: HRB 27745

E-Mail: <u>broadcast@kathrein.de</u> www.kathrein-bca.com

As of 1st June 2019, KATHREIN SE's (formerly KATHREIN-Werke KG) business unit "BROADCAST" has been transferred to KATHREIN Broadcast GmbH.

From 1st June 2019, the new company data are:

KATHREIN Broadcast GmbH Ing.-Anton-Kathrein-Str. 1 - 7 83101 Rohrdorf, Germany

Tax Payer's ID No.: 156/117/31113 VAT Reg. No.: DE 323 189 785

Commercial Register Traunstein: HRB 27745

E-Mail: broadcast@kathrein.de www.kathrein-bca.com

Yagi Antenna

Polarization

215-242 MHz

KATHREIN Antennen · Electronic

• For low power transmitting antennas.

Order No.	768494
Input	7-16 female
Max. power	400 W
Frequency range	215 – 242 MHz
VSWR	< 1.2
Gain (at mid-band)	6 dBd
Impedance	50 Ω
Polarization	Vertical
Weight	5 kg
Wind load (at 160 km/h)	Frontal: 100 N Lateral: 150 N
Max. wind velocity	225 km/h

Material:

Weather-proof aluminum. Radiator in fiberglass radome.

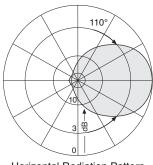
To pipes of 60 - 115 mm \varnothing by means of mounting clamps, supplied. Mounting:

Grounding: Via mounting parts.

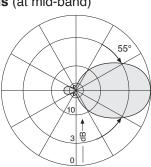
Special features: The antenna will be shipped dismounted.



Radiation Patterns (at mid-band)



Horizontal Radiation Pattern



Vertical Radiation Pattern

Please note:

As a result of more stringent legal regulations and judgements regarding product liability, we are obliged to point out certain risks that may arise when products are used under extraordinary operating conditions.

The mechanical design is based on the environmental conditions as stipulated in ETS 300 019-1-4 and thereby respects the static mechanical load imposed on an antenna by wind at maximum velocity.

Extraordinary operating conditions, such as heavy icing or exceptional dynamic stress (e.g. strain caused by oscillating support structures), may result in the breakage of an antenna or even cause it to fall to the ground.

Cylindrical bodies can show crosswind response, which can cause the supporting structure to oscillate and to be damaged. Prismatic bodies, even with non-circular cross-section can show crosswind response, which can cause the supporting structure to oscillate (see EN 1991-1-4 or EN 1993-3-1).

These facts must be considered during the site planning process.

The maximum wind velocities listed should be understood in the sense of working values according to DIN and EN standards. These values include a safety factor (1.5) below the ultimate limit state (elastic limit or permanent deformation). For these wind velocities we guarantee the mechanical safety and the electrical integrity of our antennas.

The installation team must be properly qualified and also be familiar with the relevant national safety regulations.

The details given in our data sheets have to be followed carefully when installing the antennas and accessories.

The limits for the coupling torque of RF-connectors, recommended by the connector manufacturers must be obeyed.

Any previous datasheet issues have now become invalid.

Our quality assurance system and our environmental management system apply to the entire company and are certified by TÜV according to EN ISO 9001 and EN ISO 14001.



936.4417 Subject to alteration